

INSTALLATION MANUAL

FOR

ROCK KRAWLER SUSPENSION, INC.

JL/JLU X FACTOR and X FACTOR PRO SERIES

MID ARM SYSTEMS

2024 1st EDITION

03/24/2024





Dear customer: Thank you for purchasing the best system on the market for your Jeep Vehicle. We are sure you will be happy with this system after your installation is complete. Please take your time during the installation and be sure to do it correctly. Completely read the directions before starting your installation so you know what to expect. Remember, your personal safety depends on it. Should you have any questions during this installation feel free to give our tech line a call (**518-270-9822**) and we will be happy to help you.



Share your before & after pictures, install photos & wheeling images.





Note: BE SURE TO CHECK ALL FASTENERS FOR PROPER TORQUE BEFORE TEST DRIVE. RECHECK AFTER 500 MILES AND BE SURE TO CHECK PERIODICALLY.

WARNING

- Properly block and secure vehicle prior to installation.
- Always wear safety glasses when using power tools.
- Rock Krawler Suspension recommends the use of Loctite on all hardware, unless noted otherwise.
- The use of limiting straps is recommended to avoid damage from overextending the suspension of your vehicle.
- Read and understand all instructions, warnings and safety precautions in these instructions and your owner's manual before attempting to install these components.
- Proper installation of Rock Krawler Suspension products requires knowledge of recommended procedures for disassembly/assembly of OE vehicles and components. Access to OE shop manuals and special tools are required. Attempting to install this kit without knowledge of these procedures may affect the safety of your vehicle and or the performance of these components. Rock Krawler Suspension, Inc. strongly recommends that this system be installed by a certified mechanic with off road experience.
- Rock Krawler Suspension does not recommend combined use of suspension lifts, body lifts or other lift devices. Combined use of lifts may result in unsafe and unexpected handling characteristics. Also, many states now have laws restricting Vehicle lift, bumper heights, and other alterations. Consult local laws to determine if your proposed alterations (including installation of this system) comply with your state laws.
- Rock Krawler Suspension does not condone or authorize the use of any other suspension components with its products. Should Rock Krawler Systems or components be installed in junction with other products or not per the provided instructions Rock Krawler Suspension warranty is void and is not to be held accountable for any resulting actions.



Driving and Handling Tips

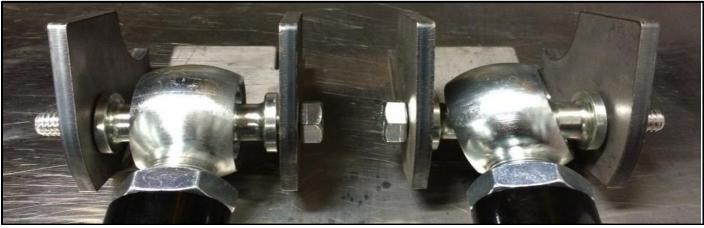
- For Highway driving it is best to have the front sway bar connected. This will give you the on highway ride and handling characteristics you expect. If you choose otherwise, you do so at your own risk.
- The ride quality and handling that Rock Krawler is known for is based on using OEM sway bars front and rear with approved shocks. Using any components other than directed can result in adverse handling characteristics and poor ride quality.
- For Off-Road use it is best to have the front sway bar disconnected and the rear sway bar connected. This will allow your suspension to do its intended function. Our suspension will give your vehicle unmatched articulation which will provide traction and feedback to keep your vehicle moving in almost all conditions. Let the suspension do the work! Even if you are a Rubicon Owner for most situations, we recommend manually disconnecting the front sway bar.

IMPORTANCE OF JAM NUTS

This is a note about jam nuts and the consumer's responsibility. The installer is the person or persons initially responsible for the proper setup of the suspension system and/or components and the initial tightening of the jam nuts. The jam nuts not only hold the orientation of the joint it is on, but it is the single component that puts the necessary pre-load on the joint's threads. The consumer or vehicle owner is the person or persons responsible for maintaining the jam nuts tightness. Failure to do so will result in the rapid deterioration of the threads in the control arm and will impose a "cause for concern" for the occupants of the vehicle. Failure to comply with the warnings heeded in the directions regarding the amount of threads showing past the jam nut will also result in the same "cause for concern" for the occupants of the vehicle. All of the above items are the responsibility of the vehicle owner and or installer. If a threaded section of a component is bad it will show itself defective immediately. Threads that fail over time are due to improper maintenance of jam nuts and can be proven very easily. Thread sections and jam nuts not properly maintained or setup, are not covered under warranty. This is the end user and installer's responsibility.

ORIENTATION OF JOINTS

Orient the Krawler Joint for maximum amount of movement with the head of joint perpendicular to bolt / head of the joint vertical in the mounting bracket. This same rule for orientation needs to be followed for all heim joints. The photo below shows the right way (LEFT SIDE) and the wrong way (RIGHT SIDE) to orient a joint.



^RIGHT WAY^

^WRONG WAY^



MAINTAINING JOINTS

Krawler Joints/Pro Flex Joints, Anti-Wobble Joints, and Pro Disconnect Joints

The Pro Series Krawler Joints, Pro Flex Joints, Anti-Wobble Joints and Pro Disconnect Joints are greaseable. They come pre-lubed from the factory. The grease valley is machined into the housings. Grade 1 grease can be used in all joints. They will not take a lot of grease, nor do they need a lot of grease. Approximately every 4 to 6 months under normal operating conditions they should be greased. This is condition and use dependent so please use common sense. Over lubrication or using the incorrect grade of grease can do damage to the joints and hydraulically displace the race way material causing a sloppy joint condition. Never ever use red and tacky.

If the joint is not loose, it is not bad. Only if the ball is sloppy in the joint housing is it a bad joint and should be rebuilt. Krawler Joint Raceways, Pro Flex Joint Raceway, or Anti-Wobble Joint Raceways are available through Rock Krawler Suspension or an authorized dealer.

Please note: If you are not using the full range of motion of the Krawler Joint, Pro Flex Joint or Anti-Wobble Joint very often, the lubrication will not be moving inside the joint. In such cases we recommend spraying down the outside of the Joint with WD-40 or Liquid Fluid Film to ensure the race ways do not dry up. In highly corrosive environments it is also recommended to spray down the suspension components with WD-40 or Liquid Fluid Film. This will minimize corrosion of the components due to exposure to the elements.

HEIM JOINTS (Non- rebuildable spherical joints)

All Rock Krawler Heim Joints use Teflon Liners and thus are self-lubricating. They too can also benefit from spraying down the outside of them liberally with WD-40 or Liquid Fluid Film. Grease should never be applied to them! Take caution when using cleaners and detergents on your vehicle as it can ruin the adhesives used on the Teflon liners yielding a bad heim joint!

SUGGESTED STARTING LENGTHS

Measured from Bolt hole to Bolt hole in a straight line not along the bar

Front Track Bar (RK06187HD)	Rear Track Bar (RK06692B)
2.5" lift – 34 3/16"	2.5" lift (w/ bracket) – 37 9/16"
3.5" lift – 34 5/16"	3.5" lift (w/ bracket) – 37 11/16"
4.5" lift – 34 7/16	4.5" lift (w/ bracket) – 37 13/16"
Front Lower Control Arms (XF-RK06184B) (XFP-RK08304)	Front Upper Control Arms (XF-RK06697)(XFP-RK08306)
2.5" lift heights – 24 1/4"	2.5" lift heights – 20 7/16"
3.5" lift heights – 24 5/8"	3.5" lift heights – 20 9/16"
4.5" lift heights – 24 11/16"	4.5" lift heights – 20 5/8"
Rear Lower Control Arms (XF-RK06190B) (XFP-RK08313)	<u>Rear Upper Control Arms (RK020208B)(XFP-RK08311)</u>
2.5" lift heights – 20 1/4"	2.5" lift heights – 17 9/16"
3.5" lift heights – 20 5/16"	3.5" lift heights – 17 5/8"
4.5" lift heights – 20 3/8"	4.5" lift heights – 17 11/16"

<u>*Please Note:</u> All Control Arms, Track Bars, and Sway Bar Links come preassembled, but require adjustment to the above recommended starting dimensions. These measurements are taken from the center of one bolt hole to center of the other bolt hole. **Please check out our Rock Krawler YouTube Channel if need be, for how to set the control arms properly and the importance of Jam Nuts...**



TORQUE VALUES FOR HARDWARE AND JAM NUTS

- All 10mm and 3/8 bolts are torqued to 30-35 ft-lbs.
- All 12mm and ½" bolts are torqued to 75-80 ft-lbs.
- All 14mm and 9/16" bolts are torqued to 90-100 ft-lbs.
- All 16mm and 5/8" bolts are torqued to 120-140 ft-lbs.
- All 7/8" Jam Nuts are to be torqued 200-220 ft-lbs. Up to 5/8" of threads showing past the jam nut is safe for final adjustment. These specifications are critical for the overall longevity of the threaded section.
- All 1" Jam Nuts are to be torqued to 250-300 ft-lbs. GET YOUR BIG BOY PANTS ON! Up to 3/4" of threads showing past the jam nut is safe for final adjustment. These specifications are critical for the overall longevity of the threaded section.
- All 1 1/4" Jam Nuts are to be torqued to 275-325 ft-lbs. GET YOUR BIG BOY PANTS ON! Up to 7/8" of threads showing past the jam nut is safe for final adjustment. These specifications are critical for the overall longevity of the threaded section.

FRONT OF VEHICLE (Perform all Steps)

- 1) If you are using a floor jack and jack stands, make sure vehicle is on a hard, level, working surface, then, block the rear wheels so the vehicle cannot move and make sure the emergency brake is applied.
- 2) Raise the front of vehicle. Support with safety jack stands. Locate jack stands on the frame in front of the axle. If you are using a vehicle lift, place the lift arms according to those specific vehicles lifting procedures. Ensure that the lift arms will not interfere with the components that are being replaced.
- 3) Lower the front axle assembly onto jack stands.
- 4) Do not overextend the front drive shaft. Disconnect front driveshaft from axle and mark holes to reassemble in the same orientation if needed. Secure out of the way.
- 5) For all OEM components being reused, loosen the mounting hardware at all connections so you do not overstress the OEM vulcanized rubber bushings. Failure to do so can result in a rougher than expected ride, adverse handling, and premature wear of the OEM components.
- 6) Remove the front wheels and tires.
- 7) Remove the front shocks. Save the OEM upper hardware to install the new shocks.
- 8) Remove the front sway bar links and discard them. Save the lower bolts, these will be used as the lower shock bolts when you reassemble.
- 9) Remove the nut holding the factory brake line to the OEM lower control arms. Clip the ties holding the pass. side disconnect motor cable from the passenger side front upper control arm and disconnect motor housing. Be sure to add slack to the breather tube. Remove the metal bracket that held the factory brake line to the control arm from the brake line itself by prying it off the line or gently cutting it off. This will provide you with more than enough extra brake line slack. All are shown below.

Helpful hint: use 2 pair of vice grips, one pair to hold the bracket and one pair to peel the bracket back off the line.





Remove Brake Lines from Arms



Clip for Breather Line Slack



Remove the plastic clips holding the pass. disconnect motor cable from the upper arm and motor housing as shown.

- 10) Remove the front track bar from the vehicle and save the OEM hardware for reuse.
- 11) Remove the front springs as well as the OEM bottom Spring seats and discard all.
- 12) Remove the front lower control arms, discard, and save the OEM hardware for reuse.
- 13) Remove the front upper control arms, discard, and save the OEM hardware for reuse.
- 14) For the **3.5**" and **Taller Systems**, the drag link end will be your limiting factor without shocks to allow the axle to droop. For these systems, we recommend you separate the drag link from the knuckle connection to allow for ease of axle movement. Shown on side.





15) To make servicing your control arms

easier and to have the Krawler Joint

Zerk fitting facing upward at the axle; we recommend you cut a little relief in the upper part of the lower control arm mount as shown. A hole saw is a simple way to make a nice, clean cut. Then add some paint of your choice to minimize rust later on. Shown below.





16) If you received or purchased separately the Rock Krawler front stackable bump stops, now is a great time to drill the lower bump stop pad with a ½" drill bit to make installation of the stackable bump stops easy. We recommend 2 pads for 2.5" of lift, 3 pads for 3.5" of lift and 4 pads for 4.5" of lift. Choose the proper ½" bolt.





17) Install the supplied Rock Krawler spring seats. They are not side specific and use the locating pin on the axle to set their orientation. Please see below.



New Bottom Spring Seats Shown with Bump Stop Stack in Place

18) Install the supplied front upper control arms set to the specified length for your kit according to our measurements. Secure using the OEM hardware. Be sure to rewrap the OEM heat shielding products after installation is supplied on your vehicle. The bend in the upper arms are designed for frame clearance and go away from the frame.





X Factor: Driver Side Front Upper Arm Showing Proper Bend Orientation Away from the frame X Factor Pro: Is a straight double adjustable Aluminum arm (Not shown)

19) Install the front lower control arms set to the specified length for your kit according to our measurements using the OEM hardware. The Krawler Joint (Zinc Plated Spherical Joint) goes to the axle and the Adventure Joint (semi-spherical Rubber Joint) goes to the frame for ride comfort. The bend in the arm is for improved ground clearance and goes up.





Frame Side

Axle Side

20) Install the supplied front coil springs with OEM upper isolators and Rock Krawler front spring correction pad. (RK06705K) Make sure the bottom winding of the coil butts up against the stop in the new bottom spring seat and the top winding is properly centered using the OEM spring pad on the frame. If the coil is not seated properly, it will bow more than it should and can damage your coil. If the coil is still bowing, you may have to rotate upper isolator. Call our office for directive. 518-270-9822



NOTE: CUSTOMERS WITH COIL OVER KITS – PLEASE SEE THE COIL OVER SUPPLEMENT AT THE END OF THE INSTRUCTIONS.

21) Install the front shocks using OEM hardware on the top and the hardware sourced from the bottom of the sway bar links on the bottom.

Note: If your OEM shock bolt runs into the control arms, swap them with the rear sway bar link top bolts.

- a) If you purchased the RRD 2.25 shocks, you'll notice that the front shocks have offset ends, both top and bottom, this should be installed to push the shock body away from the frame, to avoid interference between the frame and shock. You might need to swap the bushing and sleeve insert with the one supplied with RRD shock if shock came assembled differently. The Schrader valve should be installed so that it is pointing towards the rear of the Jeep. Please note: RRD 2.25 shocks require recharging at certain intervals. They need to be 100 PSI at full extension. They may need to be removed from vehicle to charge properly. Nitrogen performs the best, compressed air is forbidden.
- b) If you purchased our TT shocks, you should position the bushings to push the top mount as far from the frame as possible.
- c) If you are using any other aftermarket shock or shock extension, look to that manufacturer for guidance.
- 22) As you are compressing the suspension, install the front track bar reusing the OEM hardware. Be sure to set it to the starting dimensions for your system as specified above. The rebuildable Anti-Wobble joint goes to the frame connection and the heim joint with high misalignment spacers go to the axle connection as shown below.

Helpful hint: Be sure to have the steering column unlocked so the axle will swing side to side freely.







23) Reattach the drag link to the passenger side knuckle.

Frame Side

- 24) Choose your front sway bar link package: Gen 2 Disconnects or No Limits Links (Rubicon Models). For Gen 2 Disconnects follow steps A and B. For No Limits Links follow step C only.
- A) For **Gen 2** Sway Bar Disconnects.

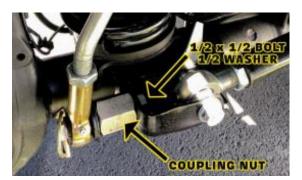
Recommended Starting Lengths: 2.5 Systems 9" | 3.5" Systems 9.5" | 4.5" Systems 9.75"

- A.1) For the **Driver** and **Passenger** Side <u>Top</u>: The Offset Spacer with the Disconnect Pin goes against the sway bar and is secured with a ¹/₂" washer and ¹/₂" nylok nut. Orient the Disconnect Pin so the lynch pin goes in vertically.
- A.2) For the **Driver** side **Lower**: The bottom disconnect pin gets secured to the outside of stock sway bar link mounting tab with a ¹/₂" washer and ¹/₂" Nylok Nut. The bottom can be oriented in any direction you find easiest to remove the lynch pin.
- A.3) For the Passenger side Lower: Starting from the inside of the track bar mount, tighten into the coupling nut the 1/2" bolt with



¹/₂" washer. You may elect to use locktite at this time.

A.4) Continuing on the **Passenger** side **Lower**: The bottom disconnect pin threads into the stainless-steel coupling nut. While holding the coupling nut tighten the disconnect pin. You may elect to use locktite at this time.



- *Please note:* An extra ¹/₂ washer and nylok nut is included for the passenger side lower mount for aftermarket axle housings that will not support the coupling nut like the OEM housings do.
 - A.5) Slide the sway bar links on the disconnect pins top and bottom and insert lynch pins.
 - *Helpful Hint:* lubricate the pins with WD40 or Liquid Fluid Film to make them easier to slide on and off the stainless steel disconnect pins.

Please Note: When locking the jam nuts, the offset in the sway bar link pin is to the outside of the vehicle. Some aftermarket axle housings may not line up exactly like the OEM housings so you can rotate the center link to a front and back offset on those housings as needed.

B. To install your sway bar link straps use the supplied 5/16" Bolt, Washers, and Nut to attach them as shown to the coil spring bucket. Or you can drill a hole in a more preferred place of your liking.



Sway bar strap retainer installed



C.1) For No Limits Links: Set your sway bar links to the lengths below based on lift height. Torque the jam nuts to 60-75 ft-lbs. with the joints in line with one another. This can be done in the vehicle.

Recommended Starting Lengths 2.5" Systems – 10" / 3.5" Systems – 11.25" / 4.5" Systems -12"



Passenger's side connection shown

C.2) Start with the side of your choice – Use the supplied $12\text{mm} \times 70\text{mm}$ bolts, four washers and locknut for each side. Refer to the images above for the orientation of hardware. One washer connects the head of the bolt, that bolt goes through the sway bar link and through the sway bar hole. Then attach another washer followed by a locknut. Torque the two 12mm bolts to a value of 75-80 ft-lbs.

- 25) If disconnected, reinstall front driveshaft in the same position it was originally for balance.
- 26) Tighten all connections per the recommended torque specs above.
- 27) Put the tires and wheels back on the front end and carefully lower the vehicle to the ground.



REAR OF VEHICLE (Perform all Steps)

- 1) If you are using a floor jack and jack stands, make sure vehicle is on a hard, level, working surface, then, block the rear wheels so the vehicle cannot move and make sure the emergency brake is applied.
- 2) Raise the rear of vehicle. Support with safety jack stands. Locate jack stands on the frame behind the rear of the axle. If you are using a vehicle lift, place the lift arms according to those specific vehicles lifting procedures. Ensure that the lift arms will not interfere with the components that are being replaced.
- 3) Lower the rear axle assembly onto jack stands.
- 4) For all OEM components being reused; loosen the mounting hardware at all connections so you do not overstress the OEM vulcanized rubber bushings. Failure to do so can result in a rougher than expected ride, adverse handling, and premature wear of the OEM components.
- 5) Remove the rear wheels and tires.
- 6) Remove the rear shocks. Save the OEM hardware for reuse.
- 7) Remove the OEM rear sway bar links and discard them for they will not be reused.
- 8) For Rubicon models only, remove the electric locker line from the plastic clips holding it to the cross member as shown below to gain slack in the line.



Remove E Locker Line from this connection point to add slack in the line.

- 9) Disconnect the E Brake Cables from the axle and reroute them ahead of the upper cross member instead of behind the cross member to gain the necessary slack in the E Brake Cables and reattach them to the axle as shown below. Be sure to remove and discard the clip that holds the E brake Cables to the bottom of the floor.
 - **Please note:** On the 4XE there may not be enough room to route the lines under cross member so add slack by removing the bracket and checking for clearance.







E Brake Cables routed ahead of the cross member

- 10) Remove the rear coil springs and bottom spring seats and discard.
- 11) Remove the OEM rear track bar, discard and save the OEM hardware for reuse.
- 12) Remove the rear upper control arms, discard and save the OEM hardware for reuse.
- 13) Remove the rear lower control arms, discard, save the OEM hardware for reuse.
- 14) For non XR and non 392 applications: Install the rear track bar relocation bracket using the supplied 14mm x 90mm bolt, washers, nylok nut, the 7/8" O.D. x 9/16 I.D. x 1.625" long crush sleeve on the inside of the OEM lower track bar mount, and supplied ½" U-bolt, washers, and nylok nuts as shown below. Tightening sequence is as follows; with all the hardware in place, tighten the ½" nylok nuts on the U-bolt to 50-55 ft-lbs. Then tighten the OEM mounting bolt at the OEM location.



Crush Sleeve

14x90 Bolt

¹/₂" U Bolt



- 15) Install the rear upper control arms set to the specified length for your lift height according to our measurements and secure using the OEM hardware. When setting length, balance the amount of thread showing past the jam nuts. The rear upper arms adjust in the vehicle to make setting the pinion angle a snap. <u>The Adventure joints goes to the frame if your arms came with an Adventure joint at one end.</u>
- 16) Install the rear lower control arms set to the specified length for your kit according to our measurements using the OEM hardware. The Krawler Joint (Zinc Plated Spherical Joint) goes to the axle and the Adventure Joint (Semi-Spherical Joint) goes to the frame for ride comfort. The bend in the arm is for improved ground clearance and goes up.



X Factor Rear Upper and Rear Lower Installed in the Vehicle

- 17) Install the spring seats on the axle. The thick part of the spring seats goes toward the rear of the vehicle. There is a specific driver and passenger side marked by a D and P on the bottom of the spring seats. The **passenger side is thicker** than the driver side on the **3.6L and 2.0 Turbo as well as the Diesel**. They key in on the OEM spring pad hole for proper orientation.
 - > 4XE Models use both of the Rock Krawler provided thick seats. The thin one is not used.
 - 392 Models use only a Thick Spring Seat on the passenger side rear. The Driver Side just uses the OEM spring seat.

*Please note: The markings are for LHD applications. RHD applications will be reversed.





Driver Side Spring Seat Installed

Pass. Side Spring Seat Installed with Coil



- 18) Install the Rock Krawler rear coil springs. Make sure to put the closer wound coils go up and the end coil winding is sitting in the top spring seat properly. Please note: the top spring seats are indexed as well with a pin to set their orientation. This too must be correct.
- 19) Slowly start to compress the suspension and attach the rear track bar to the supplied track bar bracket. Install the Rock Krawler Rear Track bar. The fixed Anti-Wobble joint connects at the frame using the OEM hardware. The Zerk fitting faces down for ease of greasing The 1" Shank heim joint (RK07535) goes to the newly supplied rear track bar bracket using the supplied 14mm x 80mm bolt, washers and nylok nut. Be sure to set the length of the track bar per the instructions for your lift height out of the tables at the beginning of the instructions.

*Please Note: The offset in the bar (bend) goes around the rear differential.

- 20) Install the rear shocks using the OEM hardware. Refer to front notes if needed.
- 21) If purchased separately, or if you bought RK shocks and they were included in the system, install the RK fabricated rear bump stops. Our rear fabricated bump stops mount to the factory bump stop pad using the supplied 3/8 x ¾ bolts, washers, and nylok nuts. Make sure the bumps stop angles to the front of the vehicle as shown in the photo below. For 2.5" lifts we recommend just the steel base. For 3.5" lifts we recommend a single 1" rubber pad stacked on top of the mounting pad. For 4.5" lifts we recommend two 1" rubber pads on top of the mounting pad. We recommend having the rubber spacer moved to the back of the pad as far as possible for starters. We also recommend you cycle the suspension to ensure the bump stops are making contact correctly and you have the proper amount of bump installed to protect all components.



22) Install the Supplied Pro Sway Bar Link - RK05185



Recommended Starting Lengths 2.5" Systems 11" / 3.5" Systems – 12" / 4.5" Systems – 13"



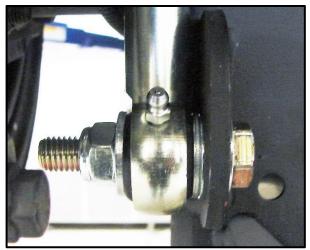


- A) The *pro link* top connection uses the supplied 12mm x 50 mm bolt, washers and nylok nut as shown below. Under the head of the bolt, there is a small washer and on each side of the sway bar link ball joint there is a washer and finally they are secured with the nylok nut. The large washer goes against the ball to retain the ball and socket joint.
- B) The pro link bottom connection uses the supplied 12mm x 50 mm bolt, washers and nylok nut as shown below. Under the head of the bolt, there is a small washer. Between the sway bar link ball joint and the OEM mounting bracket, there are two washers to provide extra clearance between the housing and the billet link end, then there is one more washer on the other side of the joint, then finally secured by the nylok nut.

**Please Note:* The Extra Thick Washer goes on the outside of the ball end so the housings and link assembly cannot slide off. Think of it as an extra-large retaining washer.

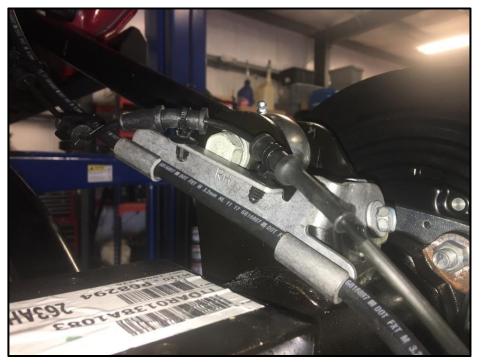


Pro Rear Link Top Connection



Pro Rear Link Bottom Connection

23) **Gently and easily** bend the rear brake line bracket on the axle toward the frame as shown. This will allow you plenty of travel in the brake lines for your systems.



New Orientation for Rear Brake Line Brackets



- 24) Install the rear wheels and tires and lower the vehicle to the ground.
- 25) Tighten all mounting bolts at this time!

Recommended Alignment Specs are as follows:

<u>2.5" Lift Height:</u> 5.0 to 6.5 degrees of Caster with a .2 to .4 Cross Caster Split (.2 to .4 degrees more caster on the pass. side than the driver's side.)

<u>3.5"/4.5" Lift Height:</u> 5.0 to 6.0 degrees of Caster with a .2 to .4 Cross Caster Split (.2 to .4 degrees more caster on the pass. side than the driver's side.)

Tow: Factory specifications

The rear pinion angle should be down 2 - 3 degrees from the driveshaft as shown below.



**Please Note:* If you do not have adjustable components, you will not be able to dial in the alignment or pinion angle settings so what you get is what you get...



A note about tires, wheels, tire pressure and how it effects ride quality:

Tire and Wheel combinations at a given tire pressure have their own spring and damping rates associated with them. This plays a major part in ride quality and off-road performance. The stock tire pressure settings on your Wrangler are based on stock C rated light duty tires on 17" wheels. Larger aftermarket tires typically have a much firmer side wall than the stock ones, thus increasing the spring rate and decreasing the damping rate associated with the tires themselves. Going from a C to a D or E rated tire also amplifies this effect. Increasing wheel diameters cuts down on the sidewall size of the tire; for example, going from a 17" wheel to a 20" to 22" wheels will increase the spring rate and decrease the damping rate of the tire and wheel combination. As you increase tire strength and wheel size it is common to have to reduce the tire pressures in order to make your aftermarket tire and wheel combination feel like a stock tire and wheel combination. **Choose pressures wisely and safely! This is one part of your suspension tuning you can do on your own.**

Before hitting the pavement or the trails be sure to make sure the control arms are oriented properly, all spherical joints (heim joints and Krawler Joints) are oriented correctly to allow for maximum movement without bind, and all jam nuts have Loctite on them and are tight. Make sure the axles are properly centered, pinion angles are correct, there is proper slack in ABS lines, and all lines are properly routed. Go back over all your hardware and make sure each connection is tightened to its proper torque spec. Check your vehicles articulation and ensure that no moving parts contact or interfere with any other components throughout the travel (brake lines, shocks, coils, sway bar links). Also check to see if at full flex your coil spring losses tension, if so, you may want to look into a limit straps. You may need to look at bump stops depending on what shocks you choose to run.

Congratulations, you have just finished installing your Rock Krawler Suspension System! Your Jeep is now free to roam about the country.



Common Service Parts Listings:

Grade 1 Grease such as Mobil Grease – Mobilux EP1 [NLGI 1] or equivalent can be used for Systems.

Front and Rear Lower Control Arms Part Numbers RK06184B and RK06190B

Front Lower Control Arm Adventure Series Joint (Frame End) – RK07404K Front Lower Control Arm Full Replacement Krawler Joint (Axle End) – RK05067 (1.25" shank) RK02256 (1" Shank)

Rear Control Arm Adventure Series Joint (Frame End) – RK07403K

Rear Lower Control Arm Full Replacement Krawler Joint (Axle End) – RK04821 (1.25" shank) RK02219 (1" shank)

Lower Control Arm Krawler Joint Rebuild Bushings – RK04034K – Requires Large Joint Tool – RK04484

Front and Rear Track Bars (RK06187HD and RK06692B)

Anti-Wobble Joint Bushings (Frame End) – RK07836K – Requires Small Joint Tool – RK04487 Front Track Bar Replacement Heim Joint (Axle End) – RK07535 (1" Shank) – Optional New Misalignment Spacers – RK03428 Rear Track Bar Replacement Heim Joint (Axle End) – RK03426 (7/8" Shank) – Optional New Misalignment Spacers – RK03428

Front Upper Control Arms:

Replacement Krawler Joint – RK03524 Replacement Krawler Joint Bushings – RK00221K – Requires Small Joint Tool – RK04487

<u>Rear Upper Control Arms:</u>

Replacement Adventure Series Joint – RK07427

Replacement Adventure Series Joint Center – RK07409 Replacement Krawler Joint –RK03499L (Left Hand Thread)

Replacement Krawler Joint Bushing - RK00221K - Requires Small Joint Tool - RK04487

Gen2 disconnects or Pro Rear Sway Bar End Links: Ball Center - RK04573



For the Optional Coil Over Systems and or Upgrades and Rear Big Boy Shocks Please Do The Following!

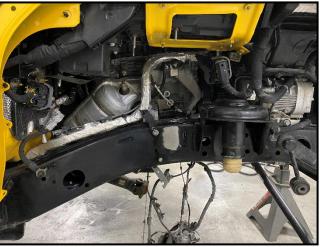
Front Coil Over Installation

Please Note: This must be done with the coil spring removed.

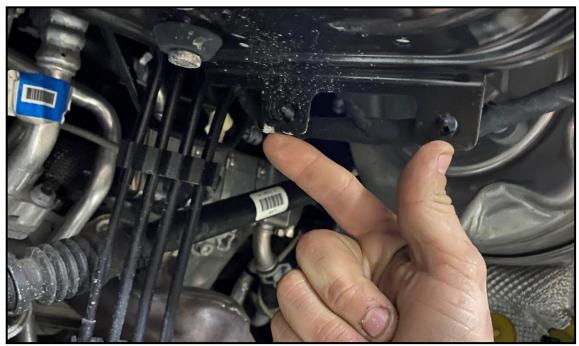
- 1) Remove inner fenders on each side. Also remove the main battery and plan to relocate the AUX battery if needed.
- 2) Remove the stock shock brackets from your Jeep. It is easiest to score the weld marks and cut the OEM shock tower into pieces. Be sure not to cut any important hoses or wires behind the shock tower. Re-paint any exposed areas with a durable coating after the towers have been removed.



Passengers Side Bracket Removed



Drivers Side Bracket Removed





- 3) Make sure to bend the driver's side bracket upwards before test fitting your coil over towers. This will stop the new towers from hitting.
- 4) Test-fit your coil over brackets as shown below. Clamp the mount about the oval frame side hole and center punch one of the ½" holes. Remove the tower and drill out one ½" hole on the side of the frame. After that, center the coil over mount on the spring tower and drill three 7/16" holes in the spring tower.



- 5) Bolt the tower down. The two frame connections get ½" x 1.25" bolts, two washers and a locknut each. The three spring tower connections get 7/16" screws, two washers and one locknut each.
- 6) Next, remove the OEM bottom shock mount from the frame. You may need to use a Dremel in order to get the last of the mount off the axle cleanly.
- 7) Set the caster on the axle to 5 degrees as shown below before welding on the new lower coil over mounts. Keep the axle at that angle for the proceeding steps. Measure from the top ball joint surface.





8) Grind the powder coat off the new mounts in all applicable weld surfaces. Measure ¾" away from the inner C for Rubicon models as shown below. For Non-Rubi models, bring the new mount as close to the axle C as possible. This is because JL Rubi Axle WMS is 68.00"/ JL Sport/Sahara WMS is 66.50." For 73" WMS Dynatrac 60's measure 1" away from the inner C.

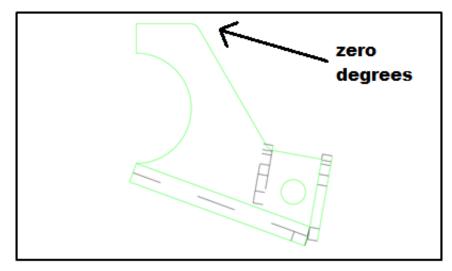




Please Note: For some axle housings you may have to trim the OEM spring bucket at the axle for proper coil over shock clearance.



9) While the axle caster is set to 5 Degrees, set the top surface of the lower coil over mounts to 0 Degrees. Make sure the outward spacing from the "C" and angle of zero are correct before you weld these mounts. After, apply a durable finish of your choice to the bracket to prevent corrosion.



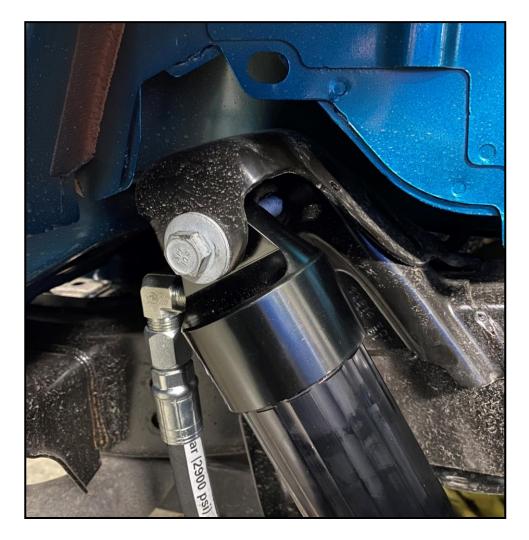
- 10) Test fit the coil over into the vehicle and confirm clearance and fitment.
- 11) Install coil over with minimal preload and transition rings in a spot where the slider will not contact. Place the supplied spacer on the top coil over connection on the inside of the bearing. Then secure the top connection with a ½" x 3.25" bolt with a washer on each side and locknut on the backside. Then place the ½' x 2.75" bolt through the bottom connection with a washer on each side, locknut on the back. *Please Note: These mounts are designed as large shock mounts as well as collover mounts. The spacer simply makes this collover compatible.

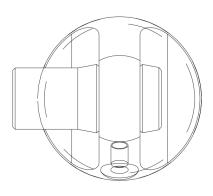






Rear Basic Big Shock Installation





Top View - Passengers Side Orientation



Coil Over Setup/Adjustments

Adjust the preload on the front and rear coil overs to achieve your desired stance. We recommend taking all the load off the coil overs to make adjusting the preload easy. Take your measurements while the vehicle was on the ground and adjust each corner as desired. Please note: each corner will more than likely be different as the Wrangler is not a perfectly symmetrical vehicle. Typically you want to have 5" of up travel minimum at all 4 corners for a good ride and off road fun. Set the crossover rings on the coil overs 1" off the plastic sliders for your initial transition starting point. This can be adjusted based on driving style and desires after the ride height is finalized. The closer the transition rings are to the slider, the faster the spring transition thus, you will not bottom out as fast. If you find you are not bottoming out ever, then move the transition rings away from the plastic slider. We recommend incremental movements of ¼" from the initial starting position. **Please note: upon initial driving, the coil over coils will brake in fairly quickly so it is not uncommon to have to make a few adjustments to preload and cross over rings until everything has been run in.*